Risk of Subsequent Fusion after Isolated Decompression of Lumbar Facet Cysts

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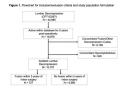
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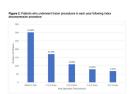
INTRODUCTION: Lumbar facet cysts represent a potential source of nerve root compression in elderly patients. Isolated decompression without fusion has proven to be a reasonable treatment option in properly indicated patients. However, the risk of lumbar fusion following isolated decompression and facet cyst excision has yet to be elucidated.

METHODS: A large insurance database was reviewed for patients undergoing isolated laminectomy for lumbar facet cyst from January 2015 to December 2018 utilizing Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) coding. Patients undergoing concomitant fusion or additional decompression, as well as those diagnosed with preexisting spondylolisthesis or without a minimum of 5-year follow up, were excluded. Rates of subsequent lumbar fusion and potential risk factors for subsequent fusion were identified. Statistical analysis included descriptive statistics, chi-squared test, multivariate logistic regression. Results were considered significant at p<0.05.

RESULTS: A total of 10,707 patients were ultimately included for analysis. At 5-year follow up, 727 (6.79%) of patients underwent subsequent lumbar fusion after initial isolated decompression. Of these, 301 (2.81% of total patients, 41.4% of fusion patients) underwent fusion within the first year after decompression. Multivariate analysis identified chronic kidney disease, hypertension, and osteoarthritis as risk factors for requiring subsequent lumbar fusion at 5 years following the index decompression procedure (p<0.033; all).

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION: Patients undergoing isolated decompression for lumbar facet cysts undergo subsequent lumbar fusion at a 5-year rate of 6.79%. Risk factors for subsequent fusion include chronic kidney disease, hypertension, and osteoarthritis. This study will assist spine surgeons in appropriately counseling patients on expected postoperative course and potential risks of isolated decompression.





Demographic	Decompression with Subsequent Fusion	Decompression without Subsequent Fusion	p-valu
Total	727	9,980	
Male gender	435	5,701	0.165
CC/			0.071
0	275	4,364	
1	208	2,364	
2	96	1,339	
3+	149	1,913	
Age			0.271
49-44	29	322	
45-49	40	661	
59-54	97	1,190	
55-59	130	1,504	
50-64	111	1.710	
65-69	125	1,630	
70-74	130	1,819	
75-79	42	802	
Asthma	131	1,338	0.001*
COPD	256	3.404	0.001*
Chronic Kidney Disease	165	2.047	0.002
Congestive Heart Failure	68	891	0.748
Coronary Artery Disease	250	3,157	0.134
Diabetes	350	4,182	0.001*
Hypertensing	632	8.085	<.001*
Physollyroidism	234	253	0.117
(schemic Heart Disease	175	2.395	1,000
Obesity	336	3.827	<.001*
Ostroarthritis	473	5,351	<.001*
Pulmonary Heart Disease	83	1,106	0.319
Rheumatoid Arthritis	58	543	0.006*
Tobecco Use	344	4.167	0.004*

Demographic	OR	95% CI	96% CI	p-value
Male Gender	0.93	0.79	1.09	0.360
CCI	0.97	0.93	1.02	0.228
Age	0.99	0.98	1.00	0.032*
Asthme	1.18	0.94	1.46	0.146
COPD	1.12	0.94	1.34	0.202
Chronic Kidney Disease	1.23	1.00	1.49	0.033*
Congestive Heart Feiture	0.91	0.68	1.20	0.508
Coronary Artery Disease	1.17	0.92	1.49	0.192
Diabetes	1.12	0.95	1.33	0.184
Hypertension	1.35	1.06	1.73	0.015*
Hypothyroidism	1.04	0.88	1.23	0.615
Ischemic Heart Disease	0.79	0.61	1.03	0.062
Obesity	1.15	0.98	1.35	0.094
Osteowritetis	1.49	1.27	1.77	<0.001*
Pulmonary Heart Disease	0.97	0.75	1.24	0.786
Rheumatoid Arthritis	1.29	0.96	1.71	0.063
Tobacco Use	1.14	0.97	1.34	0.108